

# TESTING FOR THE VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE OF PV INVERTER WITH:

IEC 60068-2-1, Environmental Testing. Part 2-1: Tests. Test Ae: Cold.

IEC 60068-2-2, Environmental Testing. Part 2-2: Tests. Test Be: Dry heat.

IEC 60068-2-14, Environmental Testing. Part 2-14: Tests. Test Nb: Change of temperature.

IEC 60068-2-30, Environmental Testing. Part 2-30: Tests. Test Db-Variant 1: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle).

Test Report Number	2219 / 0190-4		
Trademark	SEAR		
Tested Model	SOFAR 15000TL-G2		
Variant Models	SOFAR 15000TL-G2, SOFAR 12000TL-G2, SOFAR 10000TL-G2		
APPLICANT			
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Procedure: PE.T-LE-62



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Test Report Version	Date	Resume
2219 / 0190-4	19/06/2019	First issuance

#### Test Report Historical Revision:



# INDEX

SCOPE		4
GENERAL	INFORMATION	5
2.1		
2.2		
2.3		
2.4	Measurement uncertainty	8
2.5	Test set up of the different standard	9
2.6	Definitions	10
RESUME	OF TEST RESULTS	11
TEST RES	SULTS	12
4.1	Test Ae: Cold	
4.2		
4.3	Test Nb: Change of temperature	14
4.4	Test Db: Damp heat, Cyclic (12 h + 12 h)	16
PICTURES	5	18
ELECTRIC	AL SCHEMES	29
	GENERAL 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 RESUME 0 TEST RES 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 PICTURES	2.2   Equipment under Testing     2.3   Test equipment list     2.4   Measurement uncertainty     2.5   Test set up of the different standard     2.6   Definitions <b>RESUME OF TEST RESULTS Test Ae: Cold</b> 4.1   Test Ae: Cold     4.2   Test Be: Dry heat     4.3   Test Nb: Change of temperature



# 1 SCOPE

SGS Tecnos, S.A. (Electrical Testing Laboratory) has been contract by Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd., in order to perform the testing according to the following Standards:

- IEC 60068-2-1:2007, Environmental Testing. Part 2-1: Tests. Test Ae: Cold.
- IEC 60068-2-2:2007, Environmental Testing. Part 2-2: Tests. Test Be: Dry heat.
- IEC 60068-2-14:2009, Environmental Testing. Part 2-14: Tests. Test Nb: Changes of temperature.
- IEC 60068-2-30:2005, Environmental Testing. Part 2-30: Tests. Test Db Variant 1: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h).



# 2 GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 2.1 Testing Period and Climatic conditions

The necessary testing has been performed along between the 29<sup>th</sup> of May and 11<sup>th</sup> of Jun of 2019. Laboratory ambient temperature tests and checks have been performed at 25 ± 5°C, 96 kPa ± 10 kPa and 50% RH ± 10% RH.

## SITE TEST

Name	:
Address	:

## 2.2 Equipment under Testing

Apparatus type:
Installation:
Manufacturer:
Trade mark:
Model / Type reference:
Serial Number:
Software Version:
Rated Characteristics:

Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd. 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

Solar Grid-tied Inverter Fixed(permanent connection)

Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.



 ..: SOFAR 15000TL-G2
..: SN1CS015K3G061
..: V0.21
DC input: 160V-960V Max.21A /11 A AC output: 3/N/PE 230/400Va.c, 50Hz, Max.3 x 24A, 15000W

Date of manufacturing: 2018

Test item particulars

Input:	DC
Output	AC
Class of protection against electric shock:	Class I
Degree of protection against moisture:	IP 65
Type of connection to the main supply:	TN
Cooling group:	Heat sink
Modular:	No
Internal Transformer	No





## Note:

- 1. The above markings are the minimum requirements required by the safety standard. For the final production samples, the additional markings which do not give rise to misunderstanding may be added.
- 2. Label is attached on the side surface of enclosure and visible after installation
- 3. Labels of other models are as the same wit SOFAR 15000TL-G2's except the parameters of rating.



#### Equipment Under Testing:

- SOFAR 15000TL-G2

Variant models:

- SOFAR 12000TL-G2
- SOFAR 10000TL-G2

Model Number	SOFAR 15000TL-G2	SOFAR 12000TL-G2	SOFAR 10000TL-G2
Max. input voltage		1000Vd.c.	
Max. input current		21A/11A	
Operating MPPT voltage range	160V-960V		
Rated voltage		600V	
Full load DC Voltage Range	500V-850V	500V-850V	350V-850V
Rated grid voltage	3/N/PE 230/400Va.c		
Rated grid frequency	50Hz		
Rated output power	15000W	12000W	10000W
Max. output current	3 x 24A	3 x 20A	3 x 16.5A
Power factor	0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging		
Ambient temperature	-25 °C ~60 °C		
Ingress protection	IP65		
Protective class	Class I		

The variants models have been included in this test report without tests because the following features don't change regarding to the tested model:

- Same connection system and hardware topology
- Same control algorithm.
- Output power within 2.5 and 2/3 of the EUT or Modular inverters.
- Same Firmware Version

The results obtained apply only to the particular sample tested that is the subject of the present test report. The most unfavorable result values of the verifications and tests performed are contained herein.

Throughout this report a point (comma) is used as the decimal separator



# 2.3 Test equipment list

Fro m	No.	Equipment Name	Model No.	Equipment No.	Calibration Date	Equipment calibration due date
	1	Digital oscilloscope	DS05014A	MY500702 66	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	2	Voltage probe	SI-9110	111541	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	3	Voltage probe	SI-9110	152627	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	4	Voltage probe	SI-9110	111134	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	5	Voltage probe	SI-9110	111539	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	6	Power analyzer	WT3000	91N610888	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
lar	TCurrent probei1000S08Current probei1000S08Current probei1000S		i1000S	29503223	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
ofarso			i1000S	30413448	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
о Х	9	Current probe	i1000S	30413441	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	10 probe CP5150		C15015000 8	2019-02-13	2020-02-12	
11 Current C		CP1000A	C18100092 7	2019-02-13	2020-02-12	
12 Current probe		CP1000A	C18100092 6	2019-02-13	2020-02-12	
13		Temperature & Humidity meter	TH101B	201030245 220	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
	14	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	HGTP-225R	HG130308 01	2019-02-13	2020-02-12
SGS	15	True RMS Multimeter	Fluke / 289C	GZE012-53	2019-02-26	2020-02-25

# 2.4 Measurement uncertainty

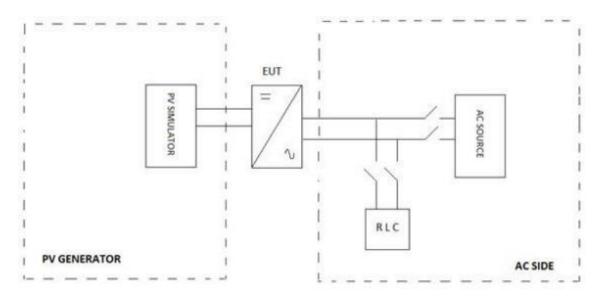
Associated uncertainties through measurements showed in this this report are the maximum allowable uncertainties.

Magnitude	Uncertainty		
Voltage measurement uncertainty	±1.5 %		
Current measurement uncertainty	±2.0 %		
Frequency measurement uncertainty	±0.2 %		
Time measurement uncertainty	±0.2 %		
Power measurement uncertainty	±2.5 %		
Phase Angle	±1%		
Temperature	±3º C		
Note1: Measurements uncertainties showed in this table are maximum allowable uncertainties.			
The measurement uncertainties associated with other parameters measured during the tests are in the laboratory at disposal of the solicitant.			



## 2.5 Test set up of the different standard

# The test bench used includes:



Different equipment has been used to take measures as it shows in chapter 2.3. Current and voltage clamps have been connected to the inverter output for all the tests.

All the tests described in the following pages have used this specified test setup.



# 2.6 Definitions

EUT	Equipment Under Testing	Hz	Hertz
А	Ampere	V	Volt
VAr	Volt-Ampere reactive	W	Watt
Un	Nominal Voltage	p.u	Per unit
In	Nominal Current	Pn	Nominal Active Power
la	Active Current	Qn	Nominal Reactive Power
Ir	Reactive Current	Sn	Nominal Apparent Power
MV	Medium Voltage	°C	Celsius degree
LV	Low Voltage	К	Kelvin degree
RH	Relative Humidity		



# **3 RESUME OF TEST RESULTS**

# INTERPRETATION KEYS

Test object does meet the requirement	Р	Pass
Test object does not meet the requirement	F	Fails
Test case does not apply to the test object	N/A	Not applicable
To make a reference to a table or an annex	See ad	ditional sheet
To indicate that the test has not been realized	N/R	Not realized

TEST AND CHECKS			
Point Standard Test procedure			
4.1	IEC 60068-2-1	Test Ae: Cold	Р
4.2	IEC 60068-2-2	Test Be: Dry heat.	Р
4.3	IEC 60068-2-14	Test Nb: Change of temperature.	Р
4.4	IEC 60068-2-30	Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic	Р

Note: The declaration of conformity has been evaluated taking account the IEC Guide 115.



## 4 TEST RESULTS

#### 4.1 TEST AE: COLD

The test purpose is the determination of the aptitude of the components, equipment and other items for use, transport or store at low temperature, according to the standard IEC 60068-2-1. Environmental testing. Part 2-1: Test. Test A: Cold.

Due to the nature of EUT, the applicable Test is Ae: This procedure is applied to specimens heat dissipative which are subjected to low temperature during an enough period for the specimen to reach the thermal stability. The EUT is required to be operating during all test duration.

#### **Test Severities**

The specimen is introduced into the chamber which is at the temperature of the laboratory. The temperature is then adjusted to the temperature appropriate to the degree of severity, as specified in the relevant specification. After temperature stability of the test specimen has been reached, the specimen is exposed to these conditions for the specified duration. For specimens that are required to be operational (even though they do not meet the requirements of being heat dissipating), power shall then be applied to the specimen and a functional test is performed as necessary. A further period of stabilization may be necessary and the specimen shall then be exposed to the low temperature conditions for a duration as specified in the relevant specification. Specimens under test are normally in operating conditions.

#### Test condition:

Test Temperature: -25 ° C

Test Duration : 16h

## Test result:

Measurements Pre-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.7	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15332	Active Power AC (W)	15064

#### Measurements During the test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.6	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15339	Active Power AC (W)	15058

#### Measurements Post-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.1	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15329	Active Power AC (W)	15056

After the test, the EUT can operation normally.



#### 4.2 TEST BE: DRY HEAT

The test purpose is the determination of the aptitude of the components, equipment and other items for use, transport or storage at high temperature, according to the standard IEC 60068-2-2. Environmental testing. Part 2-2: Tests. Test B: Dry heat

Due to the nature of EUT applicable test Be: This procedure is applied to specimens heat dissipative which are subjected to high temperature during an enough period time for the specimen to reach the thermal stability. The EUT is required to be operating during all test duration.

#### **Test Severities**

The specimen is introduced into the chamber, which is at the temperature of the laboratory. The temperature is then adjusted to the temperature appropriate to the degree of severity as specified in the relevant specification. After temperature stability of the test specimen has been reached, the specimen is exposed to these conditions for the specified duration. For specimens that are required to be operational (even though they do not meet the requirements of being heat dissipating) power shall then be applied to the specimen and a functional test is performed as necessary. A further period of stabilization may be necessary and the specimen shall then be exposed to the high temperature conditions for a duration as specified in the relevant specification.

Specimens under test are normally in operating conditions.

#### Test condition:

Test Temperature: +60 ℃

Test Duration : 16h

#### Test result:

Measurements Pre-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.0	Voltage AC (V)	230.0
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15331	Active Power AC (W)	15039

#### Measurements During test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.0	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15330	Active Power AC (W)	15056

#### Measurements Post-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to	AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.1	Voltage AC (V)	230.4	
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8	
Power DC (W)	15330	Active Power AC (W)	15056	

After the test, the EUT can operation normally.



#### 4.3 TEST NB: CHANGE OF TEMPERATURE

This test includes alternating periods of high and low temperature with a good definition of transference between both temperatures. The test has been performed according to the standard IEC 60068-2-14. Environmental testing. Part 2-14: Tests. Test N: Change of temperature.

The inverter has been subjected to thermal changes according to the test Nb in order to evaluate the ability of components, equipment or other articles to withstand rapid changes of ambient temperature. With this method, variations of temperature are controlled with a specified speed of change.

The complete test performed includes:

- 1. Variation from standard atmospheric conditions to the temperature of conditioning "A".
- 2. Variation from temperature of conditioning "A" to temperature of conditioning "B".
- 3. Variation from temperature of conditioning "B" to temperature of conditioning "A".
- 4. Variation from temperature of conditioning "A" to temperature of conditioning "B".
- 5. Variation from the temperature of conditioning "B" to the ambient temperature of laboratory.

#### **Test Severities**

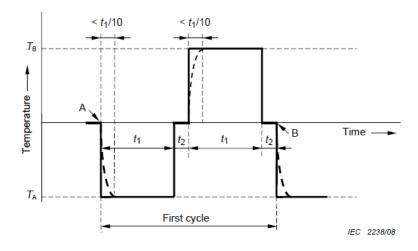
The severity of the test is defined by the combination of the two temperatures, the transfer time, the exposure time of the specimen and the number of cycles.

The lower temperature, TA, shall be specified in the relevant specification and should be chosen from the test temperatures of IEC 60068-2-1 and IEC 60068-2-2.

The higher temperature, TB, shall be specified in the relevant specification and should be chosen from the test temperatures of IEC 60068-2-1 and IEC 60068-2-2.

The exposure time, t1, of each of the two temperatures depends upon the heat capacity of the specimen. It may be 3 h, 2 h, 1 h, 30 min or 10 min, or as specified in the relevant specification. Where no exposure period is specified in the relevant specification, it is understood to be 3 h.

The preferred number of test cycles is five, unless otherwise specified in the relevant specification.



#### Key

A start of first cycle

B end of first cycle and start of second cycle

NOTE The dotted curve is explained above.

#### Figure 2 – Na test cycle



# Test condition:

Low temperature  $T_A$ : -25 °C High temperature  $T_B$ : +60 °C Duration of exposure time  $t_1$ : 3h Duration of transfer time  $t_2$ : 3min Number of cycles: 5 Recovery: 2h

#### Test result:

Measurements Pre-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.3	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15334	Active Power AC (W)	15055

# Measurements During test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.4	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15331	Active Power AC (W)	15052

## Measurements Post-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	596.8	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15326	Active Power AC (W)	15050

After the test, the EUT can operation normally.

#### 4.4 TEST DB: DAMP HEAT, CYCLIC (12 H + 12 H)

The test purpose is the determination of the suitability of components, equipment or other articles for the use, transportation and storage abnormal conditions of high humidity, combined with cyclic temperature changes and, in general, producing condensation on the surface of the specimen, according to the standard IEC 60068-2-30. Environmental testing. Part 2-30: Tests. Test Db-Variant 1: Damp heat, Cyclic (12 h + 12 h).

## **Test Severities**

#### Variant 2 (see Figure 2b)

The temperature shall be lowered to 25 °C  $\pm$  3 K within 3 h to 6 h, but without the additional requirement for the first hour and one half as in variant 1. The relative humidity shall be not less than 80 % RH.

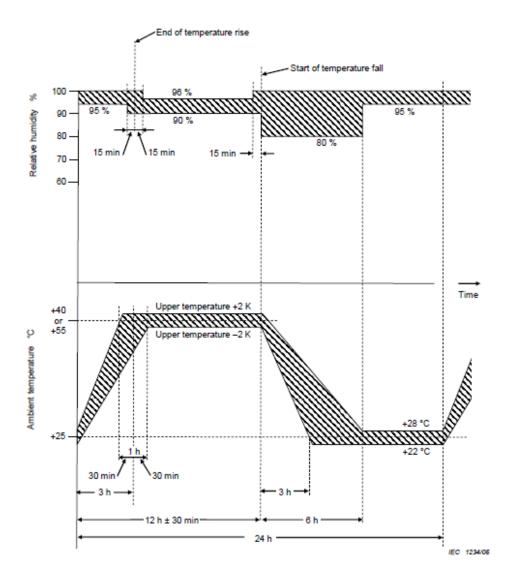


Figure 2b - Test Db - Test cycle - Variant 2



# Test condition:

Test Db, variant 2, b-cycle The humidity level shall be 95 %  $\pm$  5 % A minimum number of 3 cycles Lower temperature: 25°C Upper temperature: 55°C

#### **Test result:**

Measurements Pre-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.5	Voltage AC (V)	230.4
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15336	Active Power AC (W)	15051

## Measurements During test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.2	Voltage AC (V)	230.0
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15331	Active Power AC (W)	15047

#### Measurements Post-functional test:

PV Input:		AC grid output (line to neutral):	
Voltage DC (V)	597.0	Voltage AC (V)	230.0
Current DC (A)	25.7	Current AC (A)	21.8
Power DC (W)	15334	Active Power AC (W)	15045

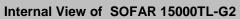
After the test, the EUT can operation normally.

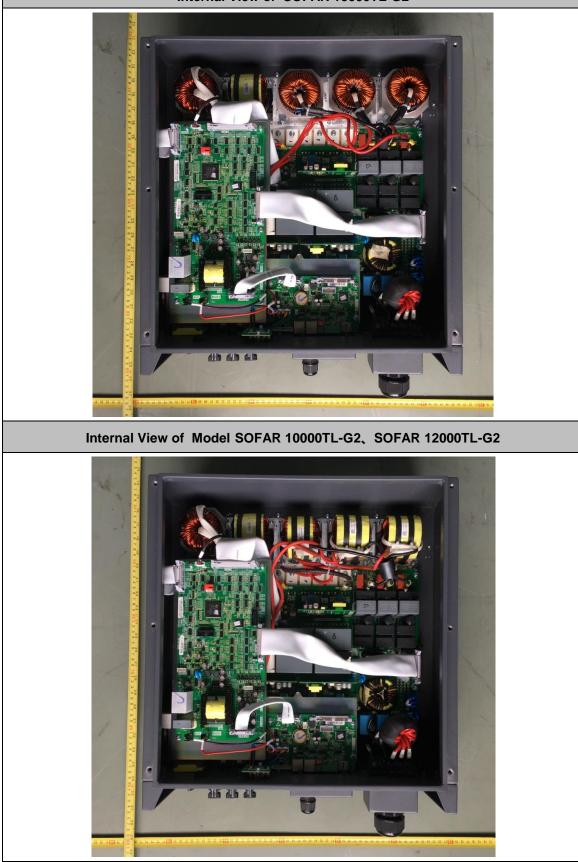


# **5 PICTURES**

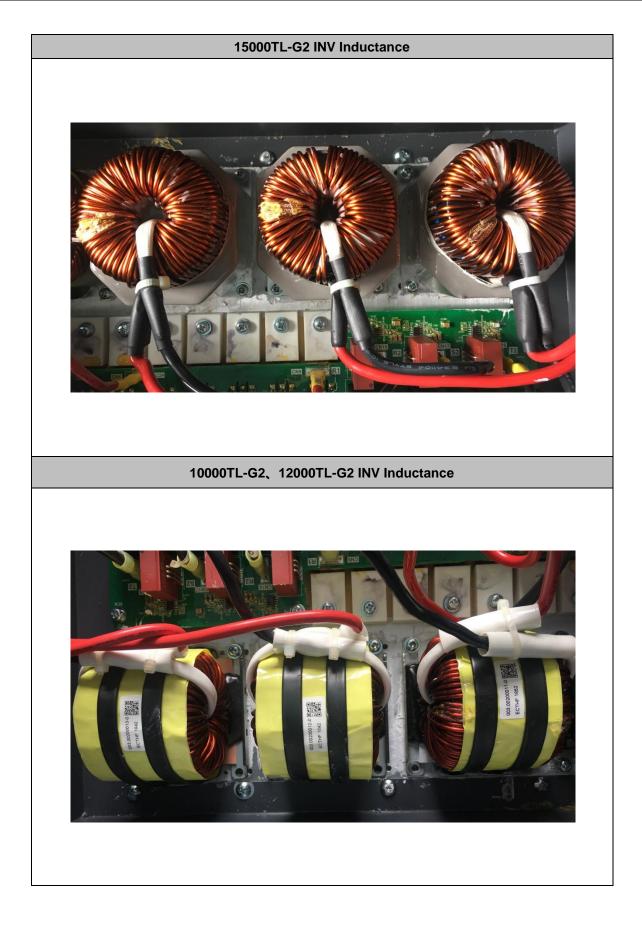




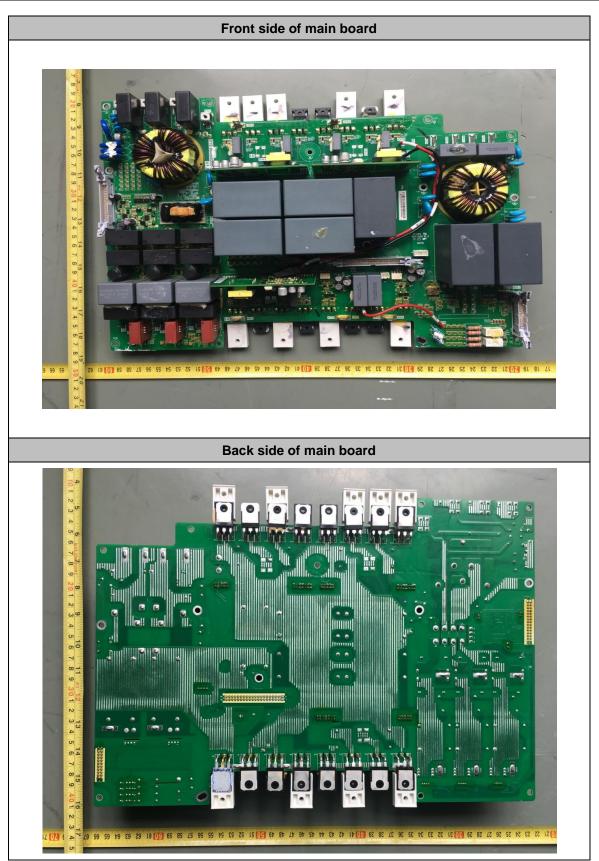




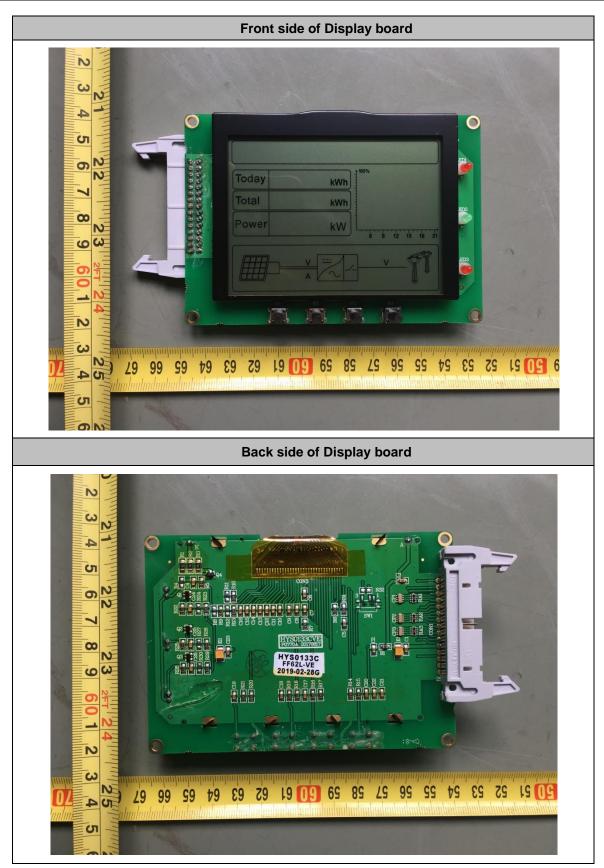






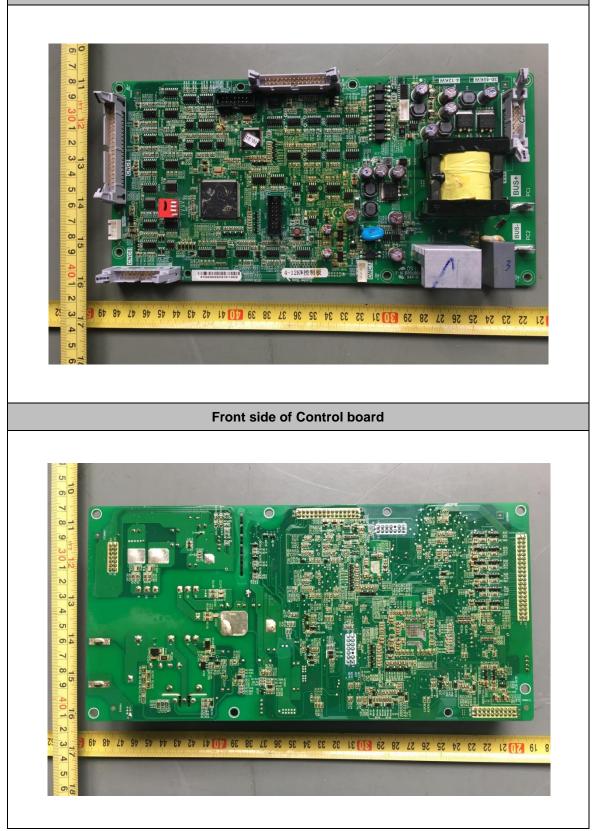




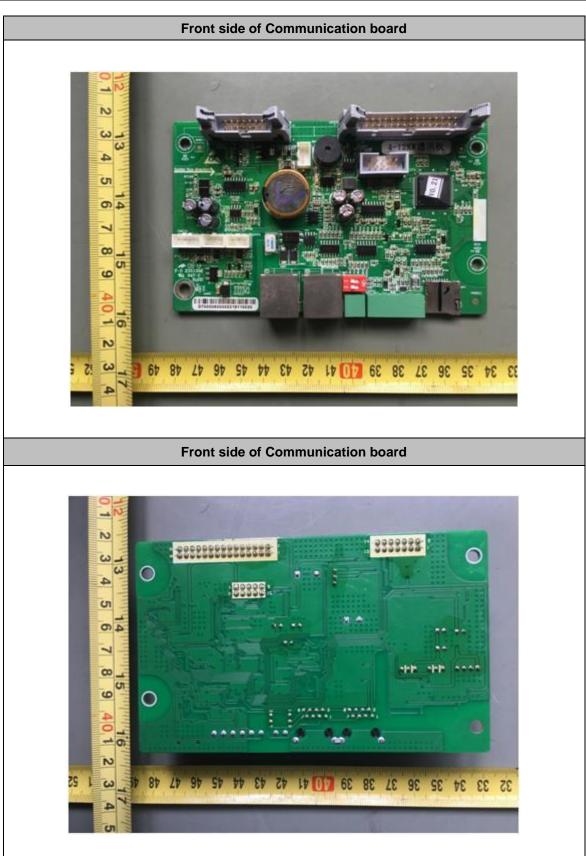




#### Front side of Control board

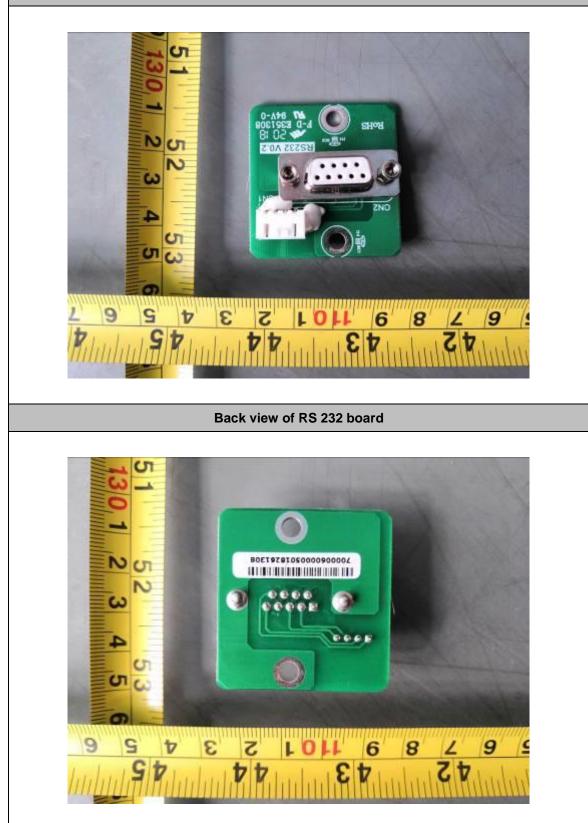




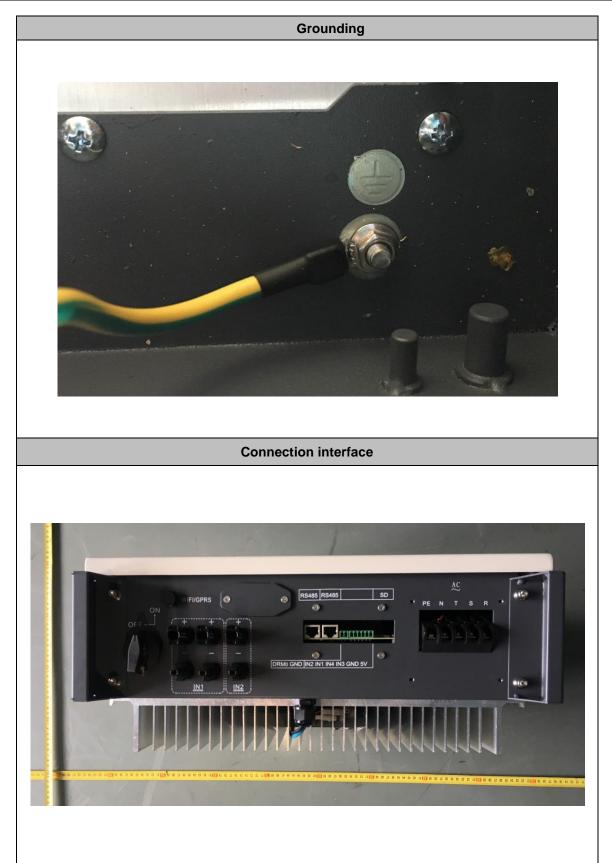




#### Front view of RS 232 board









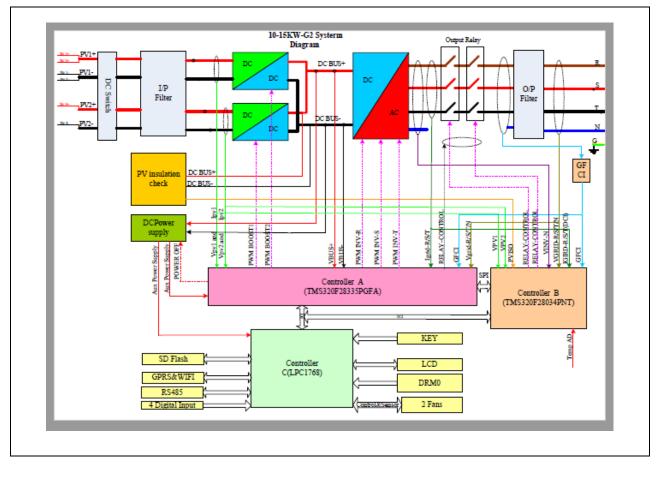
Serial Number	
SN1CSO15K3G061 0! Today 0.00 kwh Total 255 kwh Power 0.00 kW $6 - 9 - 12 - 15 - 19 - 21 $	
Software Version	
$\frac{VO. 21}{Today} \qquad \boxed{O} \\ \hline{Today} \qquad \boxed{O} \\ \hline{Total} \qquad \boxed{255 \text{ kWh}} \\ \hline{Power} \qquad \boxed{O} \\ \boxed{O} \\ \hline{H} \\ \hline{2} \\ \hline{O} \\ \hline{O} \\ \hline{O} \\ \hline{VO. 21} \\ \hline\hline{VO. 21} \\ \hline{VO. 21} \\ \hline\hline{VO. 21} \\ \hline$	







# 6 ELECTRICAL SCHEMES



-----END OF REPORT-----